FARM AND FIRESIDE.

—Economy in feeding, and in all the operations of the farm, even if only a very little is saved by each one, would add greatly to our National and individual wealth.

—Give to the cows none but the best and purest food. With no other stock is this so essential, for the reason that it has been fully demonstrated by competent authorities that the milk is a very prolific source of transmitting disease germs from impure food, and especially from impure water.—N. E. Raymer.

Farmer.

—For a lemon rice pudding, take two-thirds of a cup of rice, boiled and cooled, add the well-beaten yelks of three eggs, salt, a teaspoonful of butter, three tablespoonfuls of sugar and the grated rind of two lemons, with milk enough to make very moist. Bake forty-five minutes. Use whites of egg and juice of lemons for frosting, and brown.—Exchange.

—A French scientist has been, study.

A French scientist has been studying the effects of altitude upon vegetation, and concludes that for each augmentation of about one hundred yards there will be, as a general average, a retardation of four days; that is, other circumstances being equal, a crop planted at the sea level will appear above ground four days before a similar crop planted 300 feet above it.

—Baked Eggs: Take five eggs and put the yelks in a bowl and stir with a little salt and pepper. The whites should be beaten to a stiff froth, and if should be beaten to a stiff froth, and if there are more whites than yelks, the dish is so much better. After the whites are stiff as can be, pour the yelks over them and mix lightly with a spoon, then turn all instantly into a hot baking dish with a little melted butter in the bottom and bake immediately.—Boston Globe.

Globe.

—The happy owner of a cow can always provide some dish for dessert upon short notice. Here are directions for a "trifle:" Cut several slices of sponge cake into small pieces of regular shape, say an inch square; put them into a deep china bowl, cover with a rich boiled custard, reserving the whites of the eggs to whip for the top, or if the cow produces cream, use the whites of the eggs in the custard and whip a pint of cream for the top of the bowl; flavor with vanilla and sweeten slightly; add the sugar while whipping the cream.

—Slightly soiled white woolen arti-cles, knitted or crocheted, may be made to look as well as new if they are care-fully rubbed in flour. Cover them with flour and rub gently, as if washing, until the flour becomes dark. Shake out the article and rub in clean flour until all soil is removed. Shake well out the article and rub in clean flour until all soil is removed. Shake well and hang in the wind until no atom of flour remains in the wool. Of course one would not care to cleanse in this way articles that are worn next to the body, but for shawls, capes and head coverings flour answers admirably.—
N. Y. Post.

CLOVER.

The Value of This Plant as a Fertilizing

In those days the long rotation gen erally meant a system which kept the land longer in grass. It was therefore regarded as favorable to fertility. It really was favorable, for as no commercial manures were used it was literally true that "the more grass the more manure," and the larger crops were a necessary sequence. Even then good farmers recognized the fact that if a shorter rotation were possible, it would be better for promoting fertility. The larger part of the gain from keeping land in grass is made during the first and second years of its growth. A two-year-old sod furnishes nearly as much fertilizing material as it ever will—more than it will after four or five years, when the valuable grasses run out and the surface is bare or covered by weeds. If clover is sown, and in a short rotation it generally will be, the sod is worth more for ploughing under, after two years, and unless timothy is sown with it the space it occupies will be filled with thistles or weeds. Even if the land is seeded with timothy the sod is worth less for ploughing under than it would have been with clover the year before.

The encouragement which improved mercial manures were used it was liter-

sod is worth less for ploughing under than it would have been with clover the year before.

The encouragement which improved harvesting machinery gave to the sowing of clover has to a large extent offset the undoubted effect of heavy graincrepping to decrease fertility; clover is such a renovating crop that where it is sown as often as possible the soil can scareely become sterile—that is, soil which has not been previously so impoverished that clover will not grow. Many good farmers believe that with clover and phosphates they can maintain the fertility of their soil forever. Time has not yet shown their mistake. If there is any, I do not believe the present generation of farmers in this section will live to see it. The clover roots penetrate the subsoil and bring up mineral fertility, while it is probable that either the leaves themselves or the mulch which they make enables the soil to use some of the atmospheric nitrogen. At all events the practical test is undisputed that a growth of clover on any iteld leaves the soil better for any after crop, however the clover may be used.

But with commercial manures on soils well adapted to their use there is a general desire to crop with grain more heavily, and to sow clover more sparingly. It is in this way, and this only, that the commercial fertilizers are sometimes used to decrease rather than increase soil fertility. Phosphate is a manure, as much so, and as valuable for maintaining fertility in the concentrated form of the commercial fertilizer as when it is applied more diluted in the heavy loads of coarse, strawy manure is that in its concentrated form, and especially as usually drilled in with the seed, the greater part of its benefit is absorbed by the crop to which it is applied. Enough, however, always remains unused to make a heavy growth of clover and generally to insure "a good catch." If clover were always sown with grain to which phosphate is applied, the land would necessarily at least as clover will succeed.—N. Y. Espeniuer.

Sound Business Advice

An unpopular Hebrew who had some how managed to become a member of an exclusive West End Club, made himself obnoxious to his fellow-clubmen by continually swaggering on the steps at

the entrance. One day, soon after he had taken up his position, a Major X—, in passing him, said:
"I say, Isaac, I could get up a subscription of £500 for you in the club if you would only take your name off the books."

So M— went off to a friend of his Q—, and said:

"What do you think, Q—? I have been grossly insulted by Major X—. He said that if I would take my name off the club-books he would get up a subscription of £500 for me. What would you do?"

"Well," replied Q—you I would.

would you do?"

"Well," replied Q—, "if I were
you I would not take it; stand out, and
I shouldn't be surprised if you got a
thousand."—London Cor. American

Register.

—It is not generally known that Daniel Webster was once a member of the Legislature of Massachusetts. The fact is not mentioned by many of his biographers. He was chosen by the people of Boston, and was one of the framers of the first city charter of Boston. In one of his speeches, delivered in New York, Mr. Webster said: "It has so happened that all the public services which I have rendered in the world in my day and generation have been connected with the general government. I think I ought to make an exception. I was ten days a member of the Massachusetts Legislature, and I turned my thoughts to the search of some good object in which I could be useful in that position; and, after much reflection, I introduced a bill which, with the general consent of both Houses of the Massachusetts Legislature, passed into a law, and is now a law of the State, which enacts that no man in the State shall catch trout in any other manner than with the ordinary hook and line."—Boston Journal.

FOR COUGHS AND THROAT INFORDERS use Brown's Bronchial Troches. "Have never changed my mind respecting them, except I think better of that which I began thinking well of."—Rev. Henry Ward Beecher. Sold only in boxes. 25 cents.

THE dress coat is generally worn by the groom at the city wedding: "but for an elopement," says the Boston Transcript, "there's nothing like the cutaway."

A Printer's Error.

Sweet are the uses of adversity, the printer's copy said, but he set it up, sweet are the uses of advertising. Sweet, indeed, to those who in sickness and suffering have seen the advertisement of some sovereign remedy, which upon trial has brought them from death's door. "The best thing I ever saw in my paper was the advertisement of Dr. Pierce's 'Golden Medical Discovery'" is again and again the testimony of those who have been healed by it of lung disease, bronchial affections, tumors, ulcers, liver complaints and the ills to which flesh is heir.

It is strange that there should be any marine disasters between New York and Boston, when all the boats go through Long Island Sound.— Texas Siftings.

"Nip's in the Bad!"

Sad to say, many a good thing attains to nothing more than a fair beginning. On the other hand it is a matter for congratulation that the growth of some evil things may be also promptly frustrated. A large proportion of the cases of the most wide-spread and fatal of diseases—consumption-have their inception in nasal catarrb. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy is pleasant, soothing and effectual. Try it. It has cured thousands. All druggists.

A CAPITAL crime—well, kissing is about as good as any of them, if we admit that kissing is a crime.—Somerville Journal.

Prke's TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in 1 min Glenn's Sulphur Soap heals and beautific Serman Corn Remover kills Corns a Bo

WHEN one's tile is old fashioned, adding an "S" will make it (s) tileish again.— Lowell Courier.

When is a Scotchman like a donkey? When he stands on the banks and braes.— Exchange.

EVERTEDLY does not have the same opinion of roller skating. It depends principally upon their experience, the way is strikes them.—Texas Siftings.

A Boston girl never says butter. It is always "butta." A longer word would melt before she got it out of her mouth.—
Pittsburgh Chronicle.

TENNYSON says: "Men are God's trees." Some, however, who call at newspaper of-fices are not. They never leave.—San Francisco Examiner.

A car's heart beats one hundred and twenty times a minute, but it never breaks. —Lowell Courier.

THE seal is gentle and harmiess, and rarely retaliates when attacked, says an exchange. This is because it is a fur-bear-ing animal.

A CYNICAL old bachelor says that "lov-ers are like armies; they get along well enough till the engagement begins." "I've got the bulge on you!" was the tanning expression of the swollen jaw to the acrobatic toothache. — Whitehall Times.

It is not the change of scene that cure so many traveling invalids. It is absence from the doctor.—Philadelphia Call.

A PUPPY's joke is not very funny, it there is something waggish about a do tail.—Texas Siftings.

20,690,506 BOTTLES OF

Or, Warner's SAFE Kidney and Liver Cure (its former title.)

SOLD TO FEBRUARY 1st. 1885.

No other Compound on earth can show a similar record, and no Physician a better one. The highest Medical Authorities pronounce it the only known Specific for Kidney, Liver and Urinary diseases; that it has no equal as a BLOOD PURIFIER, and that it is the best safeguard against contagious diseases, both acute and chronic, keeping the Kidneys and Liver—the great organs of the body—in healthy condition, disease then being impossible. For the many distressing allments of delicate Ladies, it has no equal. We can furnish ever One Hundred Thousand voluntary Testimenials similar to the following. Read them for the good of yourself, your family and your friends. Note how this vast number of bottles was distributed, as evidenced by our sales-books.

HON. N. A. PLYMPTON (Hon. B. Butler's campaign manager), of Wor-F. Butler's campaign manager), of Worcester, Mass., in May, 1880, was prostrated by kidney colic, caused by the passage of gravel from the kidneys to the bladder. He then began using Warner's SAFE
Cure and in a short time passed a large
stone and a number of smaller ones. Dec.
roth, 1884, Mr. Plympton wrote, "I have
had no recurrence of my old trouble
since Warner's SAFE Cure cured me."

Providence, - - 128,947.

G. W. FULTON, Esq., Fulton, Texas, suffered for ten years from serious bladder disorders and lost from 25 to 30 pounds; n 1881 he used 14 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and recovered his natural weight and said, "I consider myself well for a man of 75." December 20th, 1884, he wrote, "I have had no symptoms of kidney disorder since 1881, and if I did I should rely upon SAFE Cure."

330.829. Portland. Me.. -

Bal. of N. Eng., - 331,315.

EX-GOV. R. T. JACOB, Westport, Ky. In 1882, during a political canvass, health gave way and was prostrated with severe kidney trouble. Lost 40 pounds of flesh. Used Warner's SAFE Cure in 1882, and June 23, 1884, writes: "I have never enjoyed better health,—»II owing to War-ner's SAFE Cure."

New York State, - 3,053,080.

B. F. LARRABEE, Esq., 49 Chester Square, Boston, Mass., in 1879, was given up by several prominent Boston Physicians as incurable from Bright's Disease. He took over 200 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, in 1880-2, and Oct. 6, 1884, wrote that the "cure was as permanent as surprising."

Pennsylvania, - 1,365,914.

MRS. J. B. DESMOULIN, 2411 Morgan street, St. Louis, Mo., in 1882, wrote, "I have been in delicate health for many years; but Warner's SAFE Cure made me the picture of health." June 23rd, 1884, she wrote, "My health has been good for the last two years."

Chicago, - - 2,181,520.

CHAS. E. STEPHENS, of Louisville CHAS. E. STEPHENS, of Louisville, Ky., Nov. 15, 1882, wrote, "When my daughter was ten years of age she was seriously attacked by extreme kidney disorder. She recovered temporarily, but a year ago was again prostrated. She was swollen to twice her natural size, had frequent headaches, nausea, and other disguised symptoms of the disorder. All her Louisville physicians agreed that she could not recover. Her case and treatment were telegraphed to a New York specialist, who said recovery was impossible. Last August we began to treat her ourselves, and now, wholly through the influence of Warner's SAFE Cure, she is apparently as well as ever." November, 1884, he says, "My daughter is apparently in perfect health."

S. F. HESS, Rochester, N. Y., the well known tobacco manufacturer, three years ago took twenty-five bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure for liver disorder, and August 20th, 1884, he reported, "I consider myself fully cured, and the credit is wholly due to Warner's SAFE Cure."

Milwaukee, - - 344,171.

THE REV. ANDREW J. GRAHAM, (P. E.), Grand Island, Neb., in 1881 was pronounced fatally sick with Bright's Disease. His condition he says was desperate and he could get no relief from physicians, He then followed Warner's SAFE Cure treatment, and July 7, 1884, he wrote, "All local trouble has disappeared, Have taken no medicine for nearly a year."

486.013 Minnesota, - -

G. W. HAMILTON, Milton, Santa Rosa Co., Florida, December 15th, 1884, wrote that "four years ago my wife was suffering with liver complaint which reduced her to a skeleton. The doctors finally pronounced her case Bright's Disease of the kidneys, and incurable. She then took 13 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and has been in perfect health ever since. She now weighs 180 pounds where formerly she was a skeleton. Warner's SAFE Cure will make a permanent cure always if taken by directions."

Bal. N. W States. 1.400.362.

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Cleveland. - - 511,974.

B. J. WORRELL, of Ellaville, Fla, in 1879, was prostrated with Bright's Disease of the kidneys, and under the best treatment, grew worse. "On the advice of Governor Drew's sister, I began Warner's SAFE Cure, sixty bottles of which restored me to full measure of health. I have now been cured about four years, and my case is regarded as miraculous." Governor Drew of Jacksonville, Florida, April 20th, 1884, says "Mr. Worrell's case and cure give me great confidence in Warner's SAFE Cure, and I unhesitatingly indorse it."

Mrs. S. A. CLARK, East Granby, Conn., in 1881 was utterly used up with constitutional and female complaints of the worst kind. Been sick ten years, and tried everything. In November, 1884, she wrote, "Warner's SAFE Cure cured me four years ago, and has kept me well."

Southern States, - 2,725,513.

JOSEPH JACQUES, Esq., St. Albans, Vt., in January 1877 was taken desperately sick with Bright's Disease of the kidneys. He spat blood, was tremendously bloated and seemed to be beyond the power of the best physicians. He then took 60 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, which restored him to health. January 1st, 1885, eight years afterwards, he wrote: "I never enjoyed better health in my life than I do now, and I owe it all to Warner's SAFE Cure. I consider myself cured of Bright's Disease."

Canada, - - 1,175,868

ROBERT GRAHAM, 77 Penn street. Brooklyn, N. Y., suffered for six years from inflammation of the bladder and stricture. Six physicians, specialists, gave him up to die. In 1883, he began Warner's SAFE Cure and its continued use, he says, effected a complete cure. Under date June 25, 1884, he says, "My health continues good; have used no medicine since April 30, 1883."

St. Louis, - - 1,222,895.

REV. JAMES ERWIN, Methodist minister, West Eaton, N. Y., was long and seriously ill with inflammation of the prostate gland, (a very obstinate disorder). In 1882, he began the use of Warner's SAFE Cure, and June 25th, 1884, wrote, "The relief obtained two years ago proved permanent; physicians express great surprise."

Kansas City, - - 538,395.

JAMES M. DAVIS, 330 South Pearl street, Albany, N. Y., superintendent of Jagger Iron Co., in 1881 suffered from very serious kidney trouble; he weighed but 160 pounds; he used 18 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and December 8th, 1884, he wrote, "That was fully three years ago. I have had no trouble since, and I feel first class and weigh 198 pounds. I would not go back to that time of four years ago for all the dollars in the United States."

Bal. S.W. States, - 635,092

N. B. SMILEY, Esq., of Bradford, Pa., in 1882, was very seriously sick of extreme kidney disorder and rheumatism, which gradually grew worse. Physicians being unable to assist him, his last resort was Warner's SATE Cure, and June 25th, 1884, he wrote, "My health is better than for two years past, and in some respects is better than it has been for five years. When I catch cold and have any alight kidney trouble, I resume the medicine again and the relief I believe is permanent."

S. A. JOHNSTON, Lockington, Ohio, Sept. 20, 1881, stated that for thirty years he had suffered tortures with dyspepaia, but he was entirely cured by the use of Warner's SAFE Cure. Dec. 8th, 1884, he says: "I took 80 or 25 bottles of Warner's SAFE Cure, and it has never failed to stop any symptoms of my old complaint if they appeared; my health is good."

Bal. Pacific Coast. - 624,237.

Bal. Ohio, (State.) - 474,869. ALL THE TESTIMONIALS ABOVE CIVEN ARE FROM PERSONS WHO WERE PER-Manently Cured Several Years aco and remain 80.

Fashions for the canine world change with the seasons. A fashionable Kew York girl, who is immensely fond of dogs, says that the latest fashion for the poodle, who, by the way, usually has the long locks over his neck tied up with a piece of satin ribbon, is to have a plain gold bracelet with his name engraved on it to wear on one of his fore paws. Fashion also decrees that the spaniel shall have a bracelet of his fore paws. Fashion also decrees that the spaniel shall have a bracelet of some bright metal with a medallion; that woolly dogs shall wear a bracelet upon each ankle, and are to be sheared to the shoulders, leaving a lion-like mane and head; and that bull-dogs are, this season, to change their celluloid collars to those made of handsomely engraved nickel.—N. Y. Tribune.

-Wildcats are becoming the terror of settlers along the Lost River in Idaho.

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A Letter of Thanks.

Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham: Very de Madam: My wife Arie A. Green has et fered with a displacement which caus her unknown pains till I had almost giv up all hopes of finding any relief for he But the Guiding Spirit referred me to yo Vegetable Compound. I went 12 miles purchase a bottle and the first two dos gave her immediate relief, and after the up of the first bottle she declared herself a m person, two bottles entirely cured her. Yo medicine is invaluable to ma. It was it deed a measenger of peace in my house, cured my wife, and God knows I am thappiest man alive to-day. Words on not express our feelings towards you.

GEO. W. GEEER, Campti, LE